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OLD STANDING DISEASES OF EVERY KIND CURED.

[Testimonial from Rev. J. C. Baxter, of Galveston.]

Ozonena, an offensive disease in the Nose—I had a miserable disease in my nose for nineteen years. Some physicians call it purulent catarrh. It commenced with a little soreness in the upper part of the nose, some pain and burning a discharge of yellow matter; finally scabs, the shape of the inside of the nose, began to come out, which relieved me a few hours. It polluted my breath, and made the room unbearable. It finally destroyed the partition bone, letting my nose sink in. In this condition I went to Dr Jones, who gave medicine which quite destroyed the offensive smell in an hour, and cured the disease in three months. As there are many with the same offensive disease, I write you this testimonial, which you may use as you like J. C. BAXTER.

Dr. Jones is now practicing at the Humphrey House, Goldsboro, N. C. where he can be consulted on all difficult and delicate diseases until Feb 2nd.

Charivari tells of a negro named Domingo, in one of the French colonies, who, speaking of the advantages of the Christian religion, said: 'There was a time when I knew nothing of God or the devil, but now I know and love them both.'

Editors Telegraph and Messenger: Allow me to tell the readers of the Telegraph and Messenger that I was an intense sufferer with vertigo, sick headache and general female complaints for thirty years, until a month ago I placed myself in the professional care of Dr Jones, at the Humphrey House, who has cured me and to whom I would recommend all who are suffering with this terrible disease.

Mrs. Mary Mottery,
Second st. Wilmington.

THOUGHTS FOR SATURDAY NIGHT

Childhood is the sleep of reason.

A good conscience is a continual Christmas.

Most men are afraid of a bad name, but few fear their consciences.

What we call conscience is in many instances only a wholesome fear of the constable.

There is no outward sign of courtesy that does not rest on deep moral foundation.

Without content we shall find it almost as difficult to please others as ourselves.

A good word is an easy obligation; but not to speak ill requires only our silence, which costs us nothing.

We must be as courteous to a man as to a picture, which we are willing to give the advantage of a good light.

Covetous men need money least, yet they most affect it; but prodigals, who need it most, have the least regard for it.

To neglect, at any time, preparation for death, is to sleep on our post at a siege; to omit it in old age is to sleep at an attack.

We look at death through the cheap glazed windows of the flesh, and believe him to be the monster which the flawed and cracked glass represents him to be

The greatest man is he who chooses right with the most invincible resolution; who resists the surest temptation from within and without; who bears the heaviest burdens cheerfully; who is calmest in storms and most fearless under menaces and frowns; whose reliance on truth, on virtue and on God is most unfaltering.

'Nomination by prayer' is good. 'Suppose we elect him by doxology?' says the New York Herald.

Salt fish for breakfast and a rubber coat on will keep a man dry all day.

A DARK BIT OF HISTORY.

When that tempest of madness I was speaking of just now, first swept through the streets of Paris (in the reign of Louis XVI.), it drove the crazed people in herds to glut their vengeance upon those who were keeping captives in chains within the great prison of the Bastile. It was indeed a grim and ghastly-looking building upon the borders of Paris, with sluggish water around it, and its door was opened by a drawbridge. Toward the frowning walls of this prison (there is only a tall bronze column upon the spot now) the populace of the city rushed headlong, with whatever weapons they could lay hands upon. Butchers took their cleavers, stablemen their forks, cutlers their heavy oaken stakes, carpenters their axes; and there were thousands with guns and cutlasses, and there were brawny women with heavy pistols. The soldiers who guarded the prison were so frighted by the sights and sounds of the tempest of the people's fury, that they could hardly make any opposing fight at all. The governor of the prison, seeing what mad range he must encounter, would have blown up the huge building altogether, and had actually laid the match to do so, but the soldiers rebelled and forced him to surrender. Then the raging mob flowed in, and those who wore the uniform of the king were smitten to death, and dungeon gates were unlocked, and prisoners staggered out who had not seen the day for dozens and scores of years.

A beautiful girl was caught sight of flying down one of the great stairways, and she was straightway seized upon by those who believe her to be a daughter of the governor, and would have been burned in the courtyard had not a few generous soldiers stolen her away and secreted her until the sack was over. As for the governor, who was a marquis and the king's friend, they cut off his head and bore it bleeding from the top of a pike staff all down the street; and all down the street poured the mad, rejoicing rabble, slaying many another as they went, and carrying the trophies with them—gory heads on pikes, or gory heads on chafing dishes carried by women.

As it was on that day so it was on many a day thereafter, and for many a week and month; and for years whoever was a noble, or friend of the hated nobles—or rich, or friend of the hated rich—lived, if he lived at all in that city of revolution, in great dread and danger.

There was not much feeling at the first against Louis XVI: for he was a far better king than those who had gone before him. He was kindly at heart, and what we might call nowadays, a gentlemanly, amiable man, with not much force of character, and disposed to yield to the opinions of those who had been his old advisers. These, by their obstinacy, brought him very soon to grief. The people forced him to trial, and there was a forced condemnation. His head, too, fell before the fury of the enraged people, and was held up by the executioner upon the scaffold for the thronging mob to look upon.

This poor king had left behind him in the prison a son, whom he had taught, as he best could in those dreary prison hours, arithmetic and geography. Do you think the boy ever forgot those lessons, or ever forgot the sorrow and the loud wailing of his mother, the queen, when the king went out to his bloody death?

A little after this, those crazy ones, who were governing France so madly in this time, gave over this boy to the care of a shoemaker and his wife, to whom they furnished a lodgment in the prison for this purpose; and they did this in order, as they said, that the bringing up of the boy might be as low as that of the lowest of the people. Poor boy! poor prince!

A little later, Marie Antoinette, the queen, was taken out of her dungeon to go to trial. They called it a trial, for the sake of decency: but I think they knew how it would end before they called on her to appear. If the judges before whom she stood had said she was innocent and must go free, I am sure that the wives of the wine-sellers, and the fish women, and the hags of Paris would have snatched her away and carried her off to execution, if they had not slain her with their own bread knives in the street.

It was better, perhaps, that the Judges should say the queen must be beheaded (as they did), than that these wild women should eat her in pieces. She certainly died an easier death by the guillotine.

You don't know what the guillotine is? It is simply a great knife sliding in grooves between two upright posts, which by its fall severs the head from the body in an instant; and it is the most humane way of executing capital punishment—if there be any humanity about it.

The machine was called guillotine, after a Dr. Guillotine, who, in the French Assembly in 1791, proposed a better way of cutting off people's heads than the old way of doing it by an ax; which he said was a clumsy way, and clumsy hands often sometimes made bad work of it. But Dr. Guillotin was not the inventor, as some books will tell you; nor did he lose his own head by it, as other books will tell you.—Scribner.

BRONCHITIS AND CATARRH.—The following extract of a letter from a grateful patient speaks for itself:

Editors Telegraph and Messenger: Seeing your recommendations of Dr. Jones and being a dreadful sufferer with catarrh and bronchitis, I availed myself of his peculiar treatment a month ago, and I have thanked you and him, ever since, for I feel his skill has saved my life—the good he has done me I cannot describe.

MRS. JULIA RANSEAU,
Near Elijah, Gilmer Co., Ga.

Dr. Jones who cures this lady is now restoring the diseased to health and the blind to sight straightning deformed eyes and limbs at the Humphry House Goldsboro, N. C. where he remains until Feb 2nd.

STICK TO YOUR BUSINESS.

There is nothing which should be more frequently impressed upon the minds of young men than the importance of steadily pursuing some one business. The frequent changing from one employment to another is one of the most common errors committed, and to it may be traced more than half the failures of men in business, and much of the discontent and disappointment that render life uncomfortable. It is a very common thing for a man to be dissatisfied with his business, and to desire to change it for some other, which, it seems to him, will prove a more lucrative employment; but in nine cases out of ten it is a mistake. Look round you, and you will find among your acquaintances abundant verification of our assertion.

Here is a young man who commenced life as a mechanic, but from some cause imagined that he ought to have been a doctor; and after a hasty and shallow preparation, he has taken up the saddle bags only to find that work is still work, and that his patient are no more profitable than his work bench, and the occupation not a whit more agreeable.

Here are two young men, clerks; one of them is content, when his first term of service is over, to continue a clerk till he shall have saved enough to commence business on his own account; the other can't wait, but starts off without capital, and with a limited experience, and brings up, after a few years, in a court of insolvency, while his former comrade, by patient perseverance, comes of at last with a fortune.

That young lawyer, who became disheartened because briefs and cases did not crowd upon him while he was yet redolent of calf-bound volumes, and had small use for red tape, who concluded he had mistaken his calling, and so plunged into politics, finally settled down into the character of a middling pettifogger, scrambling for his daily bread.

There is an honest farmer who has toiled a few years, got his farm paid for, but does not grow rich very rapidly, as much for lack of contentment mingled with his industry as anything; though he is not aware of it. He hears the wonderful stories of California, and how fortunes may be had for the trouble of picking them up; mortgages his farm to raise money, goes away to the land of gold, and, after many months of hard toil, settles home to commence again at the bottom of the hill for a more weary and less successful climbing up again.

Mark the men in every community who are notorious for shiftlessness and equally notorious for never getting ahead, and you will usually find them to be those who never stick to any one business long, but are always forsaking their occupation just when it begins to be profitable.

Young man, stick to your business. It may be you have mistaken your calling. If so, find it out as quick as possible; and change it; but don't let any uneasy desire to get along fast, or a dislike of your honest calling lead you to abandon it. Have some honest occupation, and then stick to it; if you are sticking types, stick away at them; if you are selling oysters, keep on selling them; if you are at the law, hold fast to that profession; pursue the business you have chosen, persistently, industriously and hopefully, and if there is anything of you it will appear and turn to account in that as well as or better than in any other calling; only, if you are a loafer, forsake that line as speedily as possible, for the longer you stick to it, the worse it will "stick" you.—Scientific American.

A "maiden speech"—Yes.

Lavender says his wife is always ready to tell her rage.

Any young miss would rather have her cousin tight than her "feller."

A man with a big nose isn't always handsome, but he's bobby.

CONDUCT OF FUNERALS.

By the present system of conducting funerals the poor are serious sufferers. The head of a family dies, whose life has been one continued struggle for the bare necessaries of life. He leaves a widow and a number of children totally unprovided for. The widow and family go deeply into debt to obtain the necessary dress in order to comply with the custom of demanding mourning for the deceased; and that debt will seriously cripple the family for years. To them therefore, death comes armed with a double terror; as the old Scotch proverb well indicates—"a full sorrow is better than a fasting one;" and the question arises, could not the greater part of this expenditure at funerals be done away with? The only strictly necessary expense is that for the coffin and the ground and ought to be a matter for our sociologist to consider how best they may reduce funeral costs to these two items. In such a matter our clergymen and philanthropists could do a great deal. The custom of expensive funerals and extravagant mourning dresses does not rest upon argument, but springs out of sentiment, and the only way to overcome sentiment, is by example. Let our more intelligent and wealthy classes eschew ostentation in regard to such matters, and lower classes will soon follow suit. Honor may be done the dead in other ways than by purchasing expensive mourning which the survivors can ill afford. Grief can be as well exhibited by a hat-band as by a whole suit—by a black veil as by the most expensive crape dress—if society wills it.

AN AGED MAN, TOTALLY BLIND FOR TWELVE YEARS, RESTORED TO SIGHT BY Dr. JONES—Abbeville, Putnam county, Mo.—Dr. JONES—Sir: This is to certify that you operated on the eyes of Jacob Garriott (my father-in-law) for cataract, with complete success. From total blindness he can see to pick up a pin on the ground, and can see everything with tolerable accuracy. JACOB GARRIOTT, aged 76,
RR. T. L. Martin.

Dr. Jones is now restoring the blind and deaf straightening crose and curing chronic diseases at the Humphrey House Goldsboro, N. C. where he remains until Feb 2nd.

THE MAELSTROM.

Nearly midway in London strait, a huge naked rock, which might fairly be called an island, lifts itself above the waters, breasting the conflicting currents caused by the wind and tides. Between this rock and the cape on Moskoeg is the famous maelstrom, which fertile imagination has clothed with many terrors.

Its geographical position is such as to expose it to fierce tidal currents, and when these are assisted by high westerly winds, they are no doubt terrific. The bottom of the strait is strewn with immense bowlders which are so arranged as to give the current a spiral motion, directed toward the isolated rock from the northern side, which is much increased in times of high tides or storms, when it whirls quite around the island rock.

Then it is that it becomes really difficult for boats and vessels without steam power to keep clear of the rocks against which the wayward currents would dash them.

While there are at times vast and powerful eddies, which give objects floating upon them a fearful spiral motion, there is nothing like a vortex produced by a subterranean discharge of the water, although the tumbling and boiling character of the spiral current may submerge temporarily objects drifting on the surface.

No doubt in the course of time the action of the water has tended to level down the bed of rocks, some of which, we may presume, showed themselves above the surface. This may have made the maelstrom much more terrific than it now is, and better justified the ancient fable.

As it is, in ordinary times, and in favorable weather, the fishermen do not hesitate to seek for fares throughout these waters, which its strangers are suggestive of the most terrible dangers.

Among the famous comic reports of the Detroit Free Press occasionally appears a picture that is really pathetic. Here is one:

An old woman, whose face was full of time's revengeful lines, whose hair was white with snow, whose sight was hardly strong enough to enable her to see the desk to which she tremblingly stood. And his honor said:

'God help such as you when second childhood robs them of strength of mind! Poor old woman, you may go.'

She hesitated, and seeming to feel that some explanation was necessary, she replied:

'It was either drink or drown myself. My troubles are too much for my old heart.'

He pointed to the door and softly said: 'My heart ached to see one so aged, and weak, and render brought here. If you have a home, go to it. If your heart is troubled, sit down, and I will talk to you after the court closes.'

She walked feebly out, tears in her eyes, and when 'Jim Fig,' the newsboy, offered her a score of peanuts, hoping to lighten her burden, she shook her head and said—

'It's my old heart that aches, and money can't ease it, Lord bless you, boy.'

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY......JAN. 26, 1876.

CONGRESS.

Progress in this body is so slow that it is difficult to present to the people any satisfactory statement of its transactions during the past week. There has been more than the usual amount of debate, and that too upon questions it were better for the country if they had been left alone. For they have revived feelings that had begun to die out, and aroused animosities that were fast losing their bitterness. But the Amnesty bill was a convenient card in the hands of Blaine in his play for the Presidency, and his appeal to Northern memories was in his view the readiest way to put him at the head of all competitors. It is pleasant to know that his play was a false one, and the North is proven to have passed that point when it will again sacrifice its interests to its passions.

Nevertheless much mischief has been done, and some time must elapse before the storm will subside. The most certain cause of its subsidence is the knowledge that it was gotten up to satisfy the ambition of one man. That understood, and the country will be ashamed that it allowed itself to be lashed into fury to serve a private end.

The South has no apologies for the position the champions of her honor were forced to take. The awakening of the unpleasant subject was not her doing, and Blaine was answered according to his folly. Yet Southern gentlemen have deplored a discussion which damaged so materially the hopes of a peaceful harmonizing with their Northern brethren on the floor of Congress. Some of them have tendered anew the olive branch; none so handsomely as Gen. J. B. Gordon and Col. A. M. Waddell. They seized the occasion of the debate on the Centennial bill to show how little their purposes had been changed by the mad crusade of Blaine against the South. Both of them urged the passage of the bill, as much as a matter of national obligation as to show the North that the South was sincere in its wish to bury the past, and to unite with the whole American people in this grand recognition of a united nation.

It is not to be denied that interest in the Centennial has much flagged since Blaine's speech has shown how much of the old war feeling still burns in Northern hearts. Yet it is wise not always to accept the expressions of politicians as the voice of the people.

The work of investigation has not yet begun, unless the inquiry of Mr. Davis of West Virginia into the mode of keeping the Treasury accounts, by which a huge discrepancy is apparent, is an exception.

In the Senate, Morton has brought up his Mississippi resolutions, inquiring into the causes by which that State was lost to the radicals. This will create warm debate, first as to the right of the Senate to inquire into the validity of the elections for a State Legislature, of which that body is the sole judge, and secondly as to the state of facts alleged by Morton to exist in Mississippi. He will probably find before he concludes that like Blaine, he has played a bad card for the Presidency. For even by his own party he will be refuted. Alcorn, Revels, Pease, and other Republicans strongly sustaining the Democrats in all they did to redeem the State from negro and radical rule.

Mr. McFarland has introduced a bill to permit planters to sell leaf tobacco without license. This proposition is so equitable that we might hope that Congress might pass it without objection, did we not know that the Southern producer has been a favorite prey for the rapacity of the government, and will be until its expenses are brought within proper limits, which will never be until there is a total change of administration.

Mr. Scales introduced a bill providing pensions for the Mexican soldiers. This work of justice has been delayed because it included too many Southern soldiers. They being tainted with rebellion, have been driven out as outcasts from government care. But their claims ought never to be lost sight of, and a more rational, a more just and a more generous Congress may do what illiberal party spirit has denied so long.

WILMINGTON COMMERCE.

The Wilmington Journal gives a statement of the arrival of foreign vessels at that port for 1865 which gives proof of the very rapid strides, with which foreign trade is advancing. In 1864 only 67 vessels, of which 29 were foreign entered the port. In 1875 528 vessels entered of which 180 were foreign, representing twenty different nationalities. This is an extent of foreign commerce few North Carolinians are aware of, nor are they aware how much North Carolina contributes to the trade of the world.

Look out for the Arctic Wave.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

The amendments have been distributed, or are being distributed generally through the State, the number printed being large enough to give nearly every voter a copy. It will be a long time yet before the election, and we hope those who receive the document will use the time they have to give it careful study instead of throwing it away. The Convention did not give everything that was asked for, but if the amendments are adopted, they will give us a Constitution vastly improved. Let the people read and study the amendments carefully, and be ready with their own opinions when the time comes to discuss them publicly. The Republican party will do everything to defeat them.

The Whiskey trials commenced again in St. Louis last week, and already one or two convictions have been had. But the interest of the trials is all concentrated on Babcock, the private Secretary of President Grant. He stands indicted for offences which bring upon him, if convicted, the same ignominious punishment that befals the meanest felon. And so it should be, for the crime is the same whether committed by the epauletted appendage to the President's pride, or by him who has sharpened his skill in crime within the walls of a Penitentiary. The Conspiracy to defraud the government, successfully carried out for four or five years cost the national Treasury many millions of dollars, the loss of which at last falls upon the people, who had to make good the demands of government extravagance by the payment of other taxes. Therefore the people are interested in having one and all of these offenders convicted, and they will watch with keen solicitude the progress of the trial. It is, to some extent, the trial of the strength of our institutions, for Grant has given unmistakeable sign that he regards the Civil law as subject to his will. The freedom of civil trial has been dangerously assaulted by his dismissal of the most active of the government prosecutors. If he succeeds in corrupting the jury, or making it subservient to his wishes, he will have gone a step further. If, failing in this, a verdict is given against Babcock, and then the President proceeds to pardon him, which will be his probable action, proof strong as will be needed will be given that the country has a ruler only differing in name from the autocratic despots of the old world.

A very short time will prove whether these suppositions are correct. If they are, the time has come to end this uncertainty between the limits of Constitutional and arbitrary government.

W. H. Moore, a negro member of the Legislature and a Justice of the Peace was tried in Wilmington last week for obstructing the polls at the last election, so as to suspend for a while the holding of the election. His violence was so great that a serious riot was imminent. He was tried before a jury of 8 negroes and four whites, and though the evidence of some of the most intelligent and trustworthy citizens of Wilmington was strong as to the commission of the offence for which he stood indicted, the jury could not agree upon a verdict, 3 being for conviction and 9 for acquittal. So much for the value of negro juries where political questions are concerned. Perjury, or disregard of the obligations of an oath is done without scruple to save an offender where violating a law in the interests of party.

The Virginia Legislature has voted most emphatically against any appropriation to represent Virginia at the Centennial. North Carolina made none. In a business point of view we think the appropriation on the part of both States would have been wise, as being the best possible advertisement to bring to the knowledge of the world the productions and resources of our States. But the Centennial has been made a matter of sentiment. It was to be the ground on which the hatchet of sectional strife was to be buried. In view of the fierceness with which Blaine brandishes that hatchet, the North, or at least the radical part of it does not seem willing to put the weapon out of sight. For this reason, the Centennial will become as indifferent to the South as it was when first suggested in the midst of the most galling tyranny of the present administration.

Mr. Williamson Whitehead, one of the most respected citizens of Fayetteville committed suicide last week by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. Mr. W. was about 48 years of age, and a gentleman of high character, a member of the Presbyterian Church and an excellent citizen. Temporary insanity caused by pecuniary embarrassment is supposed to have been the cause of the sad act.

A hen-pecked husband, in Brooklyn, says you needn't tell him 'there's no place like home,' after hearing Moody's description of hell.

PRESIDENTIAL LOOK OUT.

Speculation will begin to grow more active as the time for the nomination of candidates approaches. The Republicans have fixed the place for their Convention. The Democrats will soon do the same. With the latter we are only interested, and it is yet quite impossible to [illegible]—it is only guess work—who will be selected; whether it will be Thurman of Ohio, or Hendricks of Indiana, or Bayard of Delaware, or Tilden of New York, or David Davis of Illinois, or Pendleton of Ohio. All of these are good men. The Republicans will make their choice probably between Grant, Morton or Blaine, either one of whom the Democrats can beat if they will properly organize.

Mr. Lamar of Mississippi and Mr. Beck of Kentucky have been elected to seats in the United States Senate. Mr. Beck was in the last Congress where he had been a member of the House for eight successive years, and proved himself one of the most dreaded opponents the Republicans had to encounter, and perhaps accomplished more to expose and overthrow the party than any other single man in the Congress.

Mr. Lamar is in the present House, and his elevation to the Senate is welcomed even by the North for his talent, and above all for the unimpeachable sincerity of this allegiance to the government. He surrendered in good faith, and while being true to the South, he is also true to those obligations which he holds essential to the welfare of the country at large.

Hugh Murray, aged 19, was bitten by a cat he provoked in Richmond Va. and died of hydrophobia.

The opinion of leading Democrats in Congress is, that the Army will be reduced to 18,000 men.

Washington, Jan. 21.—The Cuban correspondence shows the last letter of Mr. Fish to Mr. Cushing, of November 5th, reviewing the situation of affairs. He says it is now the desire of this Government to satisfactorily adjust all questions, and in this desire we have been patient almost to the limits of endurance. He insists that Spain shall bring General Burriel to trial in accordance with the protocol; that the reference of all pending questions and the relations of this country to Spain are endangered by delay; and that, as to all equally the Spanish Government should be informed that the maintenance of such relations with this Government depends on an early, satisfactory, and conclusive adjustment.

A telegram from Mr. Cushing, of Nov. 16th, says the Spanish Government repeats the assurance of the trial of Burriel.

The correspondence also shows that the Secretary of State sent copies of the instructions to Mr. Cushing, to our ministers at London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, St. Petersburg and Rome, the object being to ascertain whether the foreign governments would sustain the United States in its policy, regarding Cuban affairs. There is nothing to show that any of the governments assented. The ministers respectively read the instructions to the government to which they were accredited, and noted the reply. There is nothing new in the correspondence later than the 4th of December.

New York, Jan. 19.—The announcement of death of Father Tom Burke is untrue.

Leopold Newman, the broker, who shot himself, died last night.

John Johnson, the boat-builder, who was assaulted by highwaymen, is dead.

Bay View Hotel, a number of cars and three locomotives were burned at Carnissa, L. I.; last night. Loss, $60,000.

A motion was made to-day for a *habeas corpus* in the case of Edward Y. Stokes, on the ground that his term of imprisonment expired on January 6th. Judge Barrett will decide to-morrow.

Warden Watsonf of the Ludlow-street jail, has been arrested by United States internal revenue officers for selling liquor to the prisoners without a license.

In Mississippi there is still an extensive area of cotton yet ungathered, most of which it is feared will be left to ruin in consequence of the mere lack of hands required to do the picking. Planters are willingly paying four and five cents per pound for this work, which would to industrious men be from three to five dollars per day.

The colored citizens of Crystal Springs, Miss; in a public meeting, have declared their intention to withdraw from politics, to cultivate friendly relations with the white race, to use all means to put down crime, to endeavor to produce everything necessary for their own consumption at home, and to organize among themselves an association similar to that of the Patrons of Husbandry.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The Appropriations Committee have agreed to reduce the missions of France, England and Russia from $17,000 to $14.000; all $12.000 missions to $9.000; $10.000 missions to $8,000; $7.500 missions to $5.000. The mission to Greece is abolished.

Green River, W. T. Jan. 21.—A passenger train is here bound east, and a passenger train and six freights are here bound west; all stuck in the snow. It is still snowing.

Philadelphia, Jan. 21.—Mr. Moody has left for Florida to locate his son in a warmer climate. He will return immediately and resume his labors in New York February 1st.

DURHAM MARKET.

Lugs, Very common	3.50 to 4.00
" Good "	4.00 to 5.00
" Common Bright	[illegible] to 8.00
" Smokers,	12.00 to 15.00
Leaf, common	[illegible] to 7.00
" good	[illegible] 10.00
Wrappers, Medium	12.00 to 15.00
" " Fine,	20.00 to 25.00
" " Extra	30.00 to 35.00

DURHAM Jan. 22th.

Corrected by H. A. Reams.

Lugs.—Dark,	3,50 to 5,50
Red,	5 to 650
Bright.—Com.	5.50 to 7,50
Good,	7 to 9,50
Fine,	10 to 14
Fancy,	15 to 20
Red Leaf.—Com. dark,	[illegible] to 5
Good,	5 to 6,50
Fine,	6,50 to 7,50
Bright Wrap.—Com.	10 to 13
Medium,	[illegible]
Fine,	20 to 35
Extra,	40 to 65

COTTON.—Raleigh Jan 22th.—The market firm, receipts light. Middlings 12⅛; Stained 10½.

We are indebted to the Raleigh News for our Cotton reports.

Wilmington, 21th. Cotton quiet. Middlings 12½.

Norfolk, January 21th—Cotton firm; middling 12⅛.

FLOUR.—Flour Markets dull and prices rule low. Raleigh, Jan. 22th, North Carolina $6,50@$6.75.

Provisions.—Raleigh Jan. 22th. Western shoulders 11½. Clear rib 13. Hams 20.

Wheat.—Richmond 20th. No material changes, prices for both Red and White ranging between 1.20 to 1.40.

NOTICE.

DR. HARRELL'S SCHOOL for BOYS and GIRLS, opened on the 17th inst., in the Corporation School Building, (near Mr. Paul Cameron's premises.)

SESSION.—Twenty weeks or five months.

THREE DEPARTMENTS:

Primary, Higher English and Academic.

TERMS: One half the amount of Tuition, at the time of entrance, in advance; the balance, at the expiration of half the time, or the middle of the session.

Primary Depart't, Spelling & Reading,	$10.00.
Higher English, the above, with Eng. Grammar, Geography, History, Arithmetic and Composition,	12.50.
Academic Department, Nat. Philosophy, Astronomy, Elocution, Book Keeping, with the studies of 1st and 2nd Dep't.	15.00
Latin, Elements of the Greek, or Algebra, with the above,	each $1.

Mrs. Harrell will teach a few girls or boys, music on the Piano, at her house, per month, $[illegible]. Use of Instrument for practice, $1.

W. B. HARRELL, Principal,
jan 19 3t. Hillsboro, N. C.

RE-OPENED.

THE public are hereby informed that I have re-opened my

SHOP,

And I am now prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing in the best style, with dispatch and fidelity. Satisfaction guaranteed. Thankful for past patronage, and inviting a return, and continuance of the same.

I am the publics Obedient servant.
HARVEY CLARK.
Jan. 18th st.

Old Hundred.

THE HILLSBORO RECORDER,
And Louisville
WEEKLY COURIER-JOURNAL

One year for $3.00. Two papers for little more than the price of one.

Send us Three Dollars and receive your home paper with the Courier-Journal, the best, wittiest, brightest and ablest City Weekly in the country.

HILLSBORO MILITARY ACADEMY.

UNDER this name the Institution, lately known as HORNER & GRAVES's School, will, in consequence of the withdrawal of Mr. J. C. HORNER, be conducted by the subscriber.

Circulars containing full particulars can be had by application to Maj. D. H. HAMILTON, until the 6th of Jan., and afterwards to the Principal also. In the mean time the public are assured that a thorough course of instruction and discipline will be maintained, and the School placed on an equal footing with the best Classical and Military Institutions in the country.

The Spring Session of 1876 will open on Monday the 17th of Jan.

R. H. GRAVES.
Dec. 15 '75tf.

SALE OF A Valuable Safe AND

Notice to the Creditors of the Hillsboro Savings Institution.

ON Tuesday the 1st day of February 1876 at 12 o'clock, at the Court House in Hillsboro I will sell for CASH to the highest bidder

That Large and Valuable Safe

owned and used by the Hillsboro Savings Institution. It cost $400, and is in perfect order.

Notice is hereby given to all Creditors of the Hillsboro Savings Institution, whose claims are secured in a deed in trust made by said Institution to John U. Kirkland to present the same to me on or before the 1st day of February 1876, on which day final distribution of the assets will be made among the Creditors, who have so presented their claims, and all failing so to present will be barred from all participation therein.

JOHN W. NORWOOD,
9th dec. '75. Commissioner.

Nat. L. Brown,

RALEIGH, N. C.

DEALER in all kinds of

Musical Instruments, Strings and Trimmings for Violins, Guitars, Banjos,

CHILDRENS' CARRIAGES, Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.

BASKETS, Baskets, the largest assortment in the State.

Also General Agent for the celebrated ESTEY COTTAGE ORGANS. Best for Churches, best for Schools, best for the Home Circles, best Everywhere. You can save money time and freight by purchasing from NAT L. BROWN

Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Raleigh, N. C.
Jan 20, tf.

In the Language of Virginia's distinguished Son.

We bow to the will of the People

AND on the 1st day of January 1876, open the

BRICK STORE

known as the Berry's Building, with a general line of

GROCERIES.

Consisting in part of

COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA, MOLASSES, BACON, FLOUR, SOAP, CANDLES, PEPPER, SPICES, CANNED GOODS, CRACKERS, CHEESE, PICKLES, CONCENTRATED LYE, &c. &c.

Which we propose to sell at LOWEST Market rates. In addition to GROCERIES, we will keep,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE & HARDWARE.

Soliciting a share of the Patronage of the Citizens, and the Buyers, who visit this Market.

We subscribe ourselves
KIRKLAND & CO.,

WE will take, CORN, WHEAT, OATS, &c, in exchange for Goods.

Collie Clark is with us, and will be pleased to see his old friends.

K. & CO.
Dec. 22 1y.

FIVE CENTS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber a bound boy JOHN BUSH, alias John Mayo, about 9 years old, very black. Also ISABELLA BUSH, bright mulatto, about 16 years old. This is to forewarn all persons harboring or employing either of them, as the law will be enforced.

jan 19 3t COPELAND RILEY.

PURCELL LADD & CO.,

WOLESLE DRUGGISTS,
1216 Main St. Corner of 13th
RICHMOND, VA.

KEEP constantly on hand a large and well selected Stock of *DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, &c. &c.*

WINDOW GLASS, of all sizes.

White Lead, Zinc, Fire and Weather proof Paint. Painters Colors of every description. Linseed Oil, Varnishes of all kinds. Brushes.

Our stock is very large and embraces every article in our line of business, all of which we offer very low for Cash, or to punctual customers. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to.

PURCELL LADD & CO.
Wholesale Druggists,
Oct. 12 Richmond, Va.

NOTICE

To All Whom it May Concern.

THE LAST CALL.

Without More Money.

I HAVE about closed out the Stock of Goods assigned to me by H. N. Brown for the benefit of his Creditors; there is a small balance remaining, for the sale of which, I will give notice of a Auction in a few days and let them go at what they may bring. But there is a large amount still due on the books. Now I wish you all to understand as I have got through with the goods, I am going to give the books my personal attention, and what is due on the books must be paid. And now I appeal to you as honest people to come forward and pay what you are owing. If you can't pay in full and can make it plain to me that you are willing to do all you can, I will compromise with you. Now don't say when I put your notes and accounts in an officers hands for collection Parks might have asked me for the money, and not run me to cost, I do ask you now and I asked you three months ago as Receiver of H. N. Brown to pay me what you were owing. And now I tell you in plain terms if you do not I am going to make it if there is any chance and that very soon, I would not be surprised if there are not some persons sued for obtaining goods under false pretences. A word to the wise is sufficient.

D. C. PARKS, *Receiver*
dec. 8. of H. N. Brown.

NEW GOODS AND NEW ARRIVALS.

MRS. MATTIE TAYLOR, is daily receiving from the Northern cities, the centres of form and fashion, every variety of New Goods, captivating to the taste, and convenient to the purse.

She offers among other things the following Goods, consisting in part of

Ladies' Misses and Children Hats,

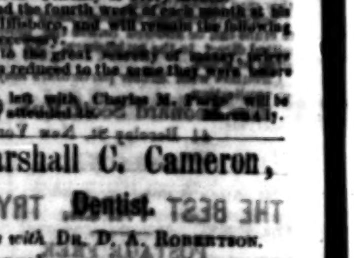
Flowers,
Ribbons,
Vailing,
Laces,
Embroideries,
Ladies Ties,
Frilling, Collars and Cuffs,
Gloves, Belts,
Jewelry, Combs,
Necklaces, Bracelets,
Needles, Thread,
Buttons, Scissors,
Hdk's, Hose,
Corsetts,
Parasols.

Ladies of the town and the country are earnestly solicited to call and examine her stock before making orders elsewhere. She is confident that she will give satisfaction.

Nov. 3.

WANTED.

ALL kinds of Country Produce—for New Goods. MATTIE TAYLOR,
Milliner and Dress Maker,
"At Brown's."



Dr. D. A. Robertson,

Surgeon Dentist.

Office up stairs in Berry's brick building, as heretofore.

WILL continue to visit Chapel Hill on the fourth Tuesday of every month, And spend the fourth week of each month at his office in Hillsboro, and will remain the following week if necessary.

Owing to the great scarcity of money, prices have been reduced to the same that were before the war.

Orders left with Charles M. Parks will be promptly attended to. [illegible] 1y.

Marshall C. Cameron,

Dentist.

Late with DR. D. A. ROBERTSON.

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Hillsboro and vicinity. Charges moderate, and satisfaction, reference given if desired. Persons will be waited upon at their Houses, until I can arrange a suitable Office. All orders left at Dr. Hookers Drug Store, will be promptly attended to.

Dec. 9th 1874. 6m.

This is to certify that Marshall Cameron, of Hillsboro, N. C. has been a student in my office for three years, commencing Nov. 18th 1871 and ending Nov. 18th 1874. I take great pleasure in recommending Mr. Marshall Cameron to any who may need his services as a dentist, feeling sure that he will do justice to his patients, and honor to his profession.

Nov. 16 '74. D. A. ROBERTSON.

HATS! SHOES!

I AM now supplying my customers this season with some of the most STYLISH soft FELT and SILK HATS, ever brought to this market.

My special styles the "Cavalier and Confederate" for persons wanting a wide brim, and "Arlington, and Yeoman," for young men, have been pronounced the most sensible, serviceable and unique HATS ever produced.

Orders carefully filled. Give about height of crown and width of brim, color and price wanted.

Constantly supplied with full lines of Misses and Childrens Shoes in COLORS, pearl and buff, with or without heels, lace and button.

In ordering state age of child if size wore is not known.

Connected with the establishment is a work shop where the finest BOOTS and GAITERS are made to order. None but finest Calf Skin used and fit always guaranteed.

Fine Calf Boots and Gaiters kept constantly in stock from which we rarely fail to make a fit.

TRY ME.

JOS. L. TYACK.
Danville, Shoe and Hat Store.
June 30.

PEPPER'S WHITE FRONT.

The subscriber hereby gives notice to his old friends and customers that the

WHITE FRONT

continues to offer its usual attractions, making it the most popular resort in the city of Raleigh.

The OYSTER SEASON is just opened.

Oysters will be served in all styles and at all hours. All other delicacies of the season will be furnished.

The best of LIQUORS and WINES and LAGER BEER.

Call at the White Front.
sept. 15 3m W. H. PEPPER.

Hughes's Academy.

THE Spring Session of 1876, will commence on the second Monday in Jan.

EXPENSES:

Tuition, (per session,) [illegible]
Board, (per month,) [illegible]

Pupils charged from time of entrance, if more than two weeks is lost at the commencement of session. No deduction made afterward except in case of protracted illness.

For particulars, address

S. W. HUGHES,
dec. 8. Cedar Grove, N. C.

Terms of the Recorder for 1874.
For 1 year. $2.00.
" 6 months. 1.00.
Payments always in advance.
Job printing done neatly cheaply and promptly.

See fourth page both for [illegible] and interesting reading matter.

The pleasant weather is a great temptation to go to gardening. The green foliage of the willow and the almost bursting buds of the plum almost persuade that spring has come. "Be not deceived." There may be and probably will be much cold weather ahead. Take advantage of the fine weather to prepare your ground thoroughly, but be in no hurry to plant seed that a frost will destroy. Remember that of late years winter has been very apt to strike a back handed blow.

HILLSBORO MARKET.

A large quantity of tobacco was sold in this market last week at satisfactory prices. We learn that a buyer [illegible] from a distant market, and returned home without buying, saying the market here was too high for him. A seller from Prospect Hill was here and refused to sell because he did not think the prices were good enough. He went to another market and lost $24 by the experiment. Sellers are informed that they will be paid at the close of sale without delay or trouble.

H. P. Jones &co have begun the manufacture of "fine cut." We are glad to learn that their business has so much increased as to compel the use of a steam engine to enable them to fill their orders which are pouring in from Liverpool, Boston, New York and other distant points where their smoking tobacco has attained a high rank. "Tar Heel" and "Occoneechee" are equal to any made.

The Episcopal Convention, met in Raleigh last week setting from Thursday until Sunday. Ten or twelve of the clergy were present, including the Rev. C. J. Curtis of St. Matthews.

The party who took the saddle off the Dr's horse last Sunday night, will please return it as he does not wish to encumber the Radical Boarding house in Raleigh with his presence after court. A word to the wise is sufficient, he hopes.

Mr Jehial Atwater, a very much respected citizen of Chatham, living just beyond the Orange County line, died at his residence a few days ago. He was well known in this County and [illegible] esteemed. He has been in bad health for some [illegible] paralysis.

TELEGRAPH LINE.

Mr. Alley is now engaged in repairing the wires between Raleigh and Greensboro, and will soon have the line in good working order. It is the intention of the Rail Road Company to open an office at every station between Raleigh and Charlotte, serving the purposes of the company as well as of the public. There exists now an amicable understanding between the Western Union and the N. C. R. R. Companies.

[illegible]

The "Town Merchant" purchased of the "County Man" 100 bbls of flour in 1858 at $10 per bbl giving note at 12 per cent. Jan 1st 1875 there was due on principal $600 (having paid on principal and int. $1480) on 1st Jan. 1876. Town Merchant paid the balance interest 8 per cent ($648)—$2128. Which amount the "County Man" invested in flour at $5,32 per bbl (—400 bbls).

Would the Town Merchant have has any thing to invest in flour if he had paid $1064.00 only for the debt or 200 bbls of flour 1st Jan. 1876. If not what would have been the loss of the "County Man" in bbls of flour.

Answer 99 in 100 who have 100 bbls of flour to-day, who will not sell on 10 years time for 200 bbls. If they could find the "Town Merchant" that could and would pay will not do as well with their flour.

COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE.

We have occasionally been honored by our friends from the County with letters pertaining to local and county matters. We always welcome such, because they indicate an interest in the affairs of the county, while they furnish matter that is most generally interesting to the reader. If we could only enlist a few in every portion of the County to express their views upon matters of politics, education, agriculture and other kindred topics, and also to relate neighborhood incidents, we would be able to present a paper of much more varied character while at the same time the whole county would be improved by this interchange of opinion. We invite such correspondents from Orange and surrounding counties, reserving to ourselves the right of revision, correction, or suppression.

Mr. C. C. Taylor of this place is now engaged in repairing the roofing and guttering of the Episcopal Church at Chapel Hill. Hillsboro mechanics, if not employed at home, always find employment abroad. Durham has profited by them, and Mr. W. B. Gordon has built, in excellent style, the [illegible] large cotton factories at Rockingham in Richmond County.

For the Recorder
Jan. 21st 1876.

Mr. Editor: [illegible] a correspondence in your number of the [illegible] inst. from Caswell. [illegible] when our sister county appeals to our humanity in behalf of a portion of our public roads that we should feel at least that the public thinks the people of Orange [illegible]. I believe the people of Hillsboro Township to be a hospitable and kind people. They would take pleasure in accommodating the public generally, but they have made an effort to get the road [illegible] and failed. Now the question naturally comes up whose duty is it to relieve the public from the difficulty. Will you allow me to suggest.

A united petition from T. C. Ellis, at Cedar Grove, C. M. Parks, H. N. Brown, James Webb Jr, John Jordan, Ale. Kirkland and Rev. L. Pogue and all the business men of Hillsboro, then the public will feel that the citizens of Hillsboro and county are alive to their interest. I for one do believe our worthy Trustees will grant them the desired relief if such a petition is raised.

Eno.

For the Recorder.

CHURCH BEHAVIOR.

It is a good thing to know how to conduct ourselves in the house of God, it is an excellent thing indeed, but it is far better to act upon that knowledge, and so to deport ourselves at Church, as not to attract the attention of the minister and the congregation by our ill bred and disrespectful conduct during the short time which is usually devoted to divine services.

If any one, who has been guilty of such unseemly behavior at Church, should chance to read this, it is to be hoped he will do so no more. A word ought to be sufficient to our young people on this matter. Improper conduct in the sanctuary of God, is highly reprehensible; and must surely meet the just censure and condemnation of all whose good opinion is worth anything.

Again. When we leave the house of God, it is not in accordance with right ideas of respectability, to go whooping and singing profane songs along the streets, and in front of the devout persons returning from Church, loudly to call out to others; and to stop on the side-walks to dance and otherwise disturb peaceable and orderly people, returning home.

Those who are guilty of such improprieties, know that it is not right to act in such manner at such times; nor, indeed, at any time; and if they should refrain from such in the future, they will receive the thanks of the entire body of christian people in our town. "A word to the wise is sufficient."

Mrs. Andrew Johnston.

The death of Mrs. Andrew Johnson, widow of ex-President Andrew Johnson, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs Patterson, near Greenville, Tenn., has already been announced. Mrs Johnson's maiden name was Eliza McArdel. She was born in 1810 and consequently died in the 66th year of her age. She was married in 1829, when she was but 18, and her husband a youth of 20. She bore her husband five children, the eldest being Mrs. Patterson. Her oldest and favorite son was thrown from his horse and instantly killed at the beginning of the civil war while on his round of duty as surgeon of the First Regiment of Tennessee Union Volunteers. The sufferings which she subsequently underwent while caring for the comfort of her second daughter, Mrs Stover, and her daughter's family in the mountains of Tennessee during the first year of the civil war, completely undermined her strength. Mrs Stover's husband, who was Colonel of the Fourth Tennessee Infantry in the Union army, died of disease brought on by exposure before the close of the year 1862. Mrs Johnson's second son, Robert Johnson, was removed to an asylum for the insane during his farther's Presidency. The youngest, Andrew Johnson, Jr. survives his mother.

Dismissal of Baggage Masters.

Before Christmas, the Richmond & Danville Railroad discharged all of its baggage masters except three, and now these three have been dismissed upon the ground of economy, the conductors being left to discharge the duties of the baggage masters as well as those pertaining their own positions proper. The Richmond & Danville Railroad is too poor to run more than one train per day over a road 2[illegible]0 miles in length, too poor to keep the track and its rolling stock up, and too poor to furnish a baggage master for even this train; but it is rich enough to have a President, a Vice President, a Secretary, a Treasurer, a General Superintendent, a General Freight Agent, a Superintendent for the Richmond & Danville Railroad proper, a Superintendent for the North Carolina Railroad, a Master of Trains for the Richmond & Danville Railroad, a Master of Trains for the North Carolina Railroad, and the Lord only knows how many other officers, not to speak of soliciting agents, and able to pay them all large salaries. And this is "why." Nothing strange about it after all, when you come to think of it.

Charlotte Observer.

Washington Correspondence.

We have secured the services of a competent gentleman at Washington City to furnish us weekly with an abstract of current events. The letters will be continued through the session of Congress, and in view of the stirring activity of the coming political year, will offer an attraction that few county papers will possess. Let your subscriptions to the Recorder be re-newed and let new ones pour in.

CAPT. JAMES I. WADDELL.

The many friends of this gentleman will be glad to learn that dispatches from the Sandwich Islands just received announce that the Hawaiian Government has guaranteed protection to him against the malice of private persecution which has been at the bottom of the troublesome proceedings which temporarily deprived him of the command of his ship. There is nothing now to interfere with his taking charge when the City of San Francisco returns from Melbourne, the Pacific Mail Steamship Company proving throughout staunch friends and as much annoyed as Capt Waddell was at the vexatious interruption of his services.

A small sale took place at Bogue's Warehouse on Monday which was not a regular sale day. The prices were [illegible] tionally high. We saw two lots sold, one for $20, the other $1[illegible]. Buyers say the corresponding lots sold last week in Durham for $18, and $10.53.

We saw a fine lot of bright leaf raised on newly cleared old field pine land—land that a few years ago was a galled old field. The land was cleared and in its growth of pines last year, and a small quantity of stable manure applied to each hill. The product was worth $20 per hundred. There is plenty of such land in Orange.

Tobacco seed, we learn, have generally been sowed, and we learn from all parts of the county and from portions of Caswell and Person that the wheat and oats are looking finely. There has been no freezing weather to hurt them.

Varicose Veins—Cured by Dr. Jones, by a specific medicine. All those difficult and delicate diseases not benefited by the common remedies are easily cured by Dr. Jones, with pleasant and harmless vegetable medicines prepared only by himself. He remains at the Humphrey House Goldsboro, N. C. until Feb. 2nd.

For all diseases of the Liver and Stomach in young or old "Dr. Wade's Liver Corrector" will be found *the* Specific when all other remedies have failed.

In Store and to arrive 2500 Gallons New Orleans Cuba, Demerara, and Sugar House Molasses. KIRKLAND &CO.
Jan. 25th 1876.

STATE NEWS.

The proposition to fund the debt of Raleigh has been voted down by a decided majority on a very light vote.

Judges Scheuck and Buxton will make a partial exchange of circuits during the next spring term. Judge Buxton will hold the courts of Gaston and Lincoln, and Judge Schenck those of Anson and Richmond.

Winston Sentinel: The tobacco factories of Winston will employ this year about 1000 hands, and require about three million pounds of leaf tobacco. Three years ago thirty-five hands and 200,000 of leaf tobacco sufficed.

Bled to death. Greensboro Patriot: On Friday, the 7, Walter Hobbs aged about 14 years, son of Mr V. Hobbs, of this county, was out chopping wood and cut his foot across the instep—from which wound he died next day—having bled to death.

Printing office burnt. Newbern Nut Shell: We learn from parties just from Washington, N. C; that news reached that city on Sunday of the total destruction by fire of the Tar River Beacon office, a new paper just started in Greenville, N. C. the initial number of which we noticed a day or two since. We sympathize with Mr. Garner, the editor and proprietor.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Mr. Sherman presented petition of citizens of Ohio asking for the construction of the Souther Pacific railroad.

Mr. Wallace presented petitions of citizens of Pennsylvania for Congressional aid in the construction of the Southern Pacific road.

The bill amending the charter of the Freedmen's Bank was passed.

A bill was introduced by Mr. Withers, of Virginia, for the relief of B. D. Morton, of Clarksville, Va.

Mr. Johnson, of Virginia, presented the petition of Samuel Cooper, of Virginia, asking the removal of his political disabilities.

Mr. Withers, of Virginia, presented the memorial of the Common Council of Fredericksburg, Va. in response to the action of the Common Council of Boston, Mass; relating to the erection of a monument at Yorktown, Va. in commemoration of the closing battle of the Revolutionary war.

Davis's Treasury investigation was discussed, but was laid aside for Mr. Morton, who commenced his Mississippi investigation resolution speech. Before its conclusion the Senate went into executive session, after which it adjourned.

The preliminary business in the House to-day was unimportant.

The Centennial bill was taken up and several speeches made, only two being in opposition—Mr. Cochrane, of Pennsylvania and Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, both on constitutional grounds. Mr. Tucker's speech is said to be the finest effort of the session.

In the course of his remarks, speaking of George Washington, Mr. Tucker remarked that George Washington was the first great rebel in the country, and he ventured to say to the gentleman from Ohio (Garfield) who spoke the other day about perjury, that George Washington was in the view of the law a perjured rebel, for he was an officer in his Majesty's army, and he (Tucker) took it for granted that he swore to support the crown and then went with rebellion.

WE MUST ALL DIE.

This is a sad fact, and it behooves us to be prepared in the right way when the time comes. Few of us expect it until old age overtakes and admonishes us with grey hairs that the time has arrived when we must dye. Then we look around to find out the best way. We will tell you. Use no other dye than Dr. Tutt's and you will dye right. Your grey hairs will disappear like magic, and in this place you will have glossy black whiskers, moustache and hair—a perfect imitation of nature so natural that it can not be detected, and your dyeing expenses will be but one dollar.

CUT THIS OUT.
IT MAY SAVE YOUR LIFE.

There is no person living but what suffers more or less with Lung Disease, Coughs, Colds or Consumption, yet some would die rather than pay 75 cents for a bottle of medicine that would cure them. Dr. A. Boschee's German Syrup has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wondrous cures astonish every one that try it. If you doubt what we say in print, cut this out and take it to your Druggist Dr. O. Hooker, and get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents.

THE CENTENNIAL OF 1876.

This highly favored country is about to celebrate its hundredth birthday. Under its favored privileges, its citizens have been happy, worshipping God according to the dictates of their own consciences; pursuing their chosen advocations unmolested; growing rich and prosperous. Some have attained the most exalted positions from the smallest beginnings. This is particularly applicable to Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills: Ten years ago they had but a limited local reputation, but in this time, aided by scientific research and conscientious business direction, they have attained such a celebrity that there is not a country on the globe that are not known and used. Wherever disease prevails, especially such as result from torpid liver, dyspepsia, costiveness, sick headache, fever and ague, and they are eagerly sought for.

North-Carolina, } *Superior Court.*
ORANGE COUNTY. }

William N. Patterson, as adm'r. of Mann Patterson, deceased.—Plaintiff.

against

Samuel F. Patterson, J. C. Patterson, Wiley T. Patterson, H. H. Patterson, Jas. H. Patterson, H. H. Sims and wife Melissa: The heirs of John T. Patterson, Sarah Rhodes. The heirs of Nancy Strayhorn, James Faucett, N. E. Cassidy and wife Sally, Henry Whitted Jr., Robert D. Patterson in his own right and as Guardian of Henry Whitted, Jr. Robert D. Long, and wife Charlot, Jane Latta, B. D. Rogers, and wife Martha, Nathaniel D. Baine and wife Catherine, Pleasant Barbee, infant child of Mary Barbee dec'd., and living with Hudson Sparrow, and the heirs of C. T. Buroughs.—Defendants.

In the above action, it appearing from the affidavit of the Plaintiff.

I. That the defendants the Heirs of John T. Patterson, Sarah Rhodes, the Heirs of Nancy Strayhorn, and the Heirs of C. T. Burroughes cannot after due diligence be found in this State.

II. That a cause of action exist against said Defendants.

III. That said Defendants are not residents of this State, but have property therein; to wit: Undivided interests in the lands whereof the late Mann Patterson, dec'd. seized and possessed: which lands the Plaintiff is seeking to sell as administrator of said Mann Patterson in order to pay the debts of his said Intestate.

It is Ordered 1st. That service of the Summons be made by publication in the Hillsboro Recorder once a week for at least six weeks successively.

2nd. That a copy of the Summons and complaint in this action be forthwith deposited in the Post Office by the Clerk of this Court, directed to Sarah Rhodes at Whiteville Fayette county in the State of Tennessee, and that another copy of said Summons and complaint be forthwith deposited in the Post Office by said Clerk directed to the Heirs at Law of Nancy Strayhorn, dec'd. at Brownsville, in the county of Haywood in the said State of Tennessee, and said Summons shall be deemed to have been served at the expiration of the time of publication prescribed by this order. Given at Hillsboro, in the county of Orange this the 19th day of January 1876.

GEO. LAWS, Clerk.
Jan. 26 6t. Superior Court.

J. R. Gattis,

HAS just received a new and fresh supply of *Oranges, Lemons, Northern Apples, Chestnuts, Plain and Fancy Candy.*
Of almost every description. NUTS of all kinds and nearly every thing usually kept in a
CONFECTIONERY.
A good and fine supply of all kinds of
Snuff, Cigars and Tobacco.
Also a good supply of
Groceries
And Provisions, such as
Coffee,
Sugar,
Tea,
Mollasses,
Lard,
Cheese,
Soaps,
Starch,
Soda,
&c. &c. &c.
Lot of extra fine COCOANUTS.
Every thing of which I will sell very cheap for CASH. Be sure to call and see my Stock before purchasing elsewhere.
November 28th 76.

CLAUDIUS W. BROWN,
AT
Farmers' Hall,

Immense Stock of New Goods, DRY GOODS, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Notions, Hardware; Crockery, Stationary; Wooden and House Furnishing Wares, Groceries, Confectionaries.

All selected Goods for the "Hard Times." Families in want will do well to call as the STOCK is NEW, can and will be sold at Popular Prices.
WANTED—All kinds of FURS and PRODUCE.
Jan. 5.

VICK'S
FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS

Are the best the world produces. They are planted by a million people in America, and the result is, beautiful Flowers and splendid Vegetables. A Priced Catalogue sent free to all who enclose the postage—a 2 cent stamp.

VICK'S
FLOWER & VEGETABLE GARDEN

Is the most beautiful work of the kind in the world. It contains nearly 150 pages, hundreds of Illustrations, & Four Chromo Plates of Flowers, beautifully drawn and colored from nature. Price 35 in paper; 65c. bound in elegant cloth.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE

This is a beautiful Quarterly Journal, finely illustrated, and containing an elegant colored Frontispiece with the first number. Price only 25 cents for the year. The first number for 1876 just issued. Address
JAMES VICK.
dec 8 Rochester, N. Y.

SELECT
Boarding and Day School.
HILLSBORO, N. C.

THE Thirty Fourth session of the Misses Nash and Miss Kollock's School will open February 4th, 1875.
Board and Tuition reduced to $[illegible].
Circulars forwarded on application.
Dec. 15 2m.

TALBOTT & SONS,
(Successors to TALBOTT & BROTHER.)
Shockoe Machine Works,
CORNER CARY AND 17th STS.,
RICHMOND, VA.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
STEAM ENGINES.



CIRCULAR Saw and Grist Mills; Hydraulic Presses, and all kinds of Tobacco Fixtures, Wrought Iron Works, Brass and Iron Castings, Machinery of every description, &c.
Sept 22d 1y.

JAMES W. GIBSON,
Successor to KELLOGG & GIBSON,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
China, Glass, Queensware,
AND
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,
No. 1207 Main Street,
sept. 22 3m RICHMOND, VA

B. L. BINGHAM, & Co.
Wholesale Grocers,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Gen'l Commission Merchants
Nos. 6 and 7 Martin St., 'News Building.'
RALEIGH, N. C.

THE highest prices obtained for consignments of Cotton and other Produce.
Bagging and Ties furnished to Ginners and large dealers at the lowest possible figures.
Nov. 3 tf.

John H. Tyler & Co,
Successors to
MITCHELL AND TYLER.
1005 Main Street,
RICHMOND, VA.
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Plated Ware.
GOLD AND SILVER SPECTACLES.
WATCHES REPAIRED in the best manner.
HAIR JEWELRY MADE TO ORDER.
Prompt attention paid to Orders by mail or otherwise.
Sept. 22 1y.

NOTICE.

IT is Ordered that the Election Precinct known as Eubanks in Bingham Township, Orange County, be removed to White Cross, where it formerly was held.
By order of the Board of Commissioners of Orange county. This first Nov. '75.
jan. 19 4t JOHN LAWS, Clerk.

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE
PREPARATORY TO MAKING
OUR SPRING PURCHASES.

Excellent CALICOES at 6¼ 8⅓ and 10c. a yard;
Plaid Cambricks, yard wide, at 12½c. per yard worth 20c;
Wash Poplins at 10 and 12½c. 16⅔c. per yard all worth twenty-five per cent more;
Handsome Plaid Goods at 20, 25, 30, 35 and 40c. per yard—a reduction of from twenty-five to thirtyfive per cent. has been made in these goods;
Best quality Hamilton Tycoon Reps at 20c. per yard worth 30c.
A large lot of Remnants of DRESS GOODS at a sacrifice;
Elegant Double Width Plaids for [illegible] at $1,25 and $1,50 per yard worth $1,75 and $2;
Black Alpaccas at 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 75, 80c. and $1 per yard, the best goods for the money ever offered in this city;
Black silk Finish Mohair at 50, 60, 75, 85c. and $1 per yard, as handsome as a silk, and all very cheap;
Australian Crepes at 50, 60 and 75c. worth 65, 75c, and $1 per yard;
Black French Merinos and Casemeres in all qualities at greatly reduced prices;
Black and Colored Silks in all qualities at extraordinary bargains;
All other styles of Dress Goods at reduced prices;
Lonsdale Cambric at 10c. per yard;
Knight's Cambric, thirty-three inches wide, at 10c. per yard;
Utica 10-4 Bleached Sheeting at 35c. 10-4 at 35c. and 12-4 at 40c.—these prices are lower than ever offered before;
Full Width Bleached and Unbleached Sheeting at 25c. per yard;
Red Twilled Flannel—all wool—at 30, 35, 40, 45 and 50c. per yard—from 10 to 15c. per yard below regular prices;
Blue Twilled Flannel at same prices;
Gray Twilled Flannel from 25 to 50c. per yard;
White Twilled Flannel at 30, 40 and 50c. per yard;
Plain White, Red, Yellow and Gray Flannels from the lowest to the best qualities;
Embroidered White Flannel;
Colored Blankets at $1,50, $2, $2,50 and up to $5 a pair;
White Blankets at the best bargains ever offered;
We beat the big auction out of sight on these goods;
Calico Comfortables—home made—at $1.50, 1.75, 2, 2.50 and $3—all made of good calico and quilted with pure cotton;
Three, Four and Five Thread Unbleached Knitting Cotton at 30c. per pound;
White Knitting Cotton, in balls, all sizes from six to twenty, at 60c. per pound;
Carpet Warp in all colors, the best manufacture, at $1,75 per bundle of five pounds;
Cotton Yarn, all sizes from four to twelve, at $1 per bundle of five pounds;
Corsets in all qualities, from 40c. to $5 per pair.
We call particular attention to our one hundred and ten bone Corsets at $1,15 per pair worth $1,75;
Excellent Two Button Kid Gloves at 75c. and $1 per pair, and Four Button Kid Gloves at $1.50 per pair;
Pure Linen Table Cloths, 2 yards long, at $1 worth $1.50;
Linen Doilies at 60, 75c. and $1 per dozen worth 75c. $1 and 1,20;
Linen Napkins at $1, 1,25, 1,50 and up to $5 per dozen;
Huckaback Towels at $1,50, 2, 2,50, $3, and up to $12 per dozen—all extremely cheap;
Carpets in great variety. Brussels, new pattern at $1,20 worth $1,35. Ingrain Carpets from 40c. up to $1 per yard. We call particular attention to the all-wool carpet at 75c. worth $1; and the $1 carpet, which is the best two ply made, worth $1,25;
Oil Cloths very cheap—some as low as 40c. per yard for good styles;
Linen Finish Diaper at $1,10 worth $1.50 apiece at 1,25 worth 1,75 apiece. Cotton Diaper, soft finish, at $1 apiece.
Linen Collars for ladies at 75c, and $1 per dozen worth double the money.
Linen Cuffs at 15c. a pair;
Shawls of every description in endless variety, all at lower prices than ever;
MOURNING SHAWLS a specialty.
Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 1,50, 2, 2,50, $4 and up to $9 per doz.—exceedingly cheap;
Tape Border Linen Handkerchiefs at [illegible], 1, 1,25 and up to $3 per dozen all very cheap.
Rich Silk Neck Scarfs, at 25, 35, 50c. and up to 1,25. Particular attention is called to the ties at 50 and 60c.
Knit Jackets with and without sleeves.
Breakfast Shawls Hoods, Caps, Nubias, Pulse Warmers, and Warm Gloves;
Furs for ladies and children at great bargains;
Cloaks in great variety at very low prices;
Note Paper and Envelopes in boxes at 10, 15, 20, 25, 30 and 35c a box.
Colgate's Superior Soap, Toilet Water, and Extracts at much below regular prices.
Thousands of other bargains. Send on your orders or come and see for yourselves. Parties ordering goods to be sent by mail will please enclose postage. We have but one price and sell for cash. Prompt attention given to orders. Goods sent by express C. O. D., or as directed upon the receipt of the money or its equivalent.
LEVY BROTHERS',
1017 and 1019 Main street,
jan. 17. RICHMOND, VA.

R. L. HICKSON,
DANVILLE, VA.
Wholesale and Retail
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Boots, Shoes, Hats,
FURNITURE, CHINA, CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE, &c. &c.

I occupy FOUR of the LARGEST Stores in the place, and each branch of the business is conducted separately. In FURNITURE, I have the largest Stock South of Baltimore. Parties in want of LOW Priced or fine FURNITURE would do well to call on me, before purchasing elsewhere, or Ladies in want of fine *DRY GOODS.* can save money by calling on me, or sending for Samples which will be cheerfully sent.
RICH'D. L. HICKSON,
Main Street,
Jan. 13. Danville, Va.

SAM C. ROBERTSON. W. E. WILSON.
ROBERTSON & WILSON,
DEALERS IN
American & Italian Marble
Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, etc.
Oct. 6. GREENSBORO, N. C.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....JAN. 26. 1876.

THE RECORDER,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

J. D. CAMERON.

At $2 00 per annum, or $1 00 for six months—invariably in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

ADVERTISEMENTS conspicuously inserted at $1 a square for the first insertion and 50 cents a square for each additional week. Ten lines or less make a square.

TERMS BY SPECIAL CONTRACT:

1 square 3 months $5—6 months $9—12 months $15
2 " 3 " $10—6 " $15—12 " $25
3 " 3 " $15—6 " $20—12 " $30
Half column 3 months $30—6 mo. $50—12 mo. $85
column 3 months $50—6 mo. $70—12 mo. $100

FARM WORK FOR JANUARY.

FEEDING STOCK.

Stock should be well fed at this season. Do not spare feed, but do not waste any. It is easier to keep flesh on an animal now than to put it on in March.

HORSES WORK.

Horses should be either sharp-shod or protected in some secure manner against slipping upon icy roads. Sharp calks are dangerous, and many horses are badly blemished by them. We have used the good-enough shoe with a piece of rubber over-shoe is an excellent device. Either of these are effective preventive against balling or slipping. We do not advise the use of scarp calks when these can be procured.

COWS.

In-coming cows should be well cared for. Some linseed-cake meal or bran in their feed will do no harm, but more exciting food should be avoided. A roomy stall or loose box should be provided in which the cow may remain at night without being tied. Milking cows will be benefited by a pailful of milk-warm water with two quarts of bran or middlings stirred in it twice a day. Cold water for drink will greatly reduce the quantity of milk.

YOUNG STOCK.

Will need close attention to keep them thriving and free from vermin. A mixture of lard and kerosene oil rubbed along the backbone from head to tail will free them from lice. Young animals need better protection from cold than full grown ones, which have thicker hides, and are better furnished with fat as protection from the cold.

DRAINS.

Much may be done in cleaning out drains, and in some sections in making drains. When the spring rains arrive, or the ground is full of water, draining cannot be done with advantage.

WASH-OUTS.

These are by far too common in the South and greatly injure the value of farms where they occur, besides giving and unfavorable appearance to the country. They may be prevented by plowing the hill-sides deeper and using a side-hill plow, making the furrows diagonally up and down the hill, instead of level back and forth, or around them. To fill them, throw in brush or stones, and plow the edges into the hollow gradually widening the plow, until there is a gradual hollow. Where they are feared a number of plow-furrows should be made sloping gently down the hill to carry off the water.

FODDER CROPS

Calculations for fodder crops should be made for the coming season. Where the winter is open, some plowing may be done for these crops. Fodder is never too plentiful, and in the Southern States is the great need of the farmer. Oats and peas, or rares and barley, furnish heavy crops of green fodder, or dry hay if cut when in blossom. They may be sown as soon the danger from frost is over. Four bushels of the mixed seed per acre is a proper quantity to sow. The richer the ground the better for a fodder crop.

YARDS.

Should be kept well littered and dry; the feed troughs should be always turned over at night, so that if snow should fall they would not be filled with it; and water troughs should have loose covers for the same reason.

In the Southern States the month should be devoted to gathering and making manure, breaking up for the cotton planting, and making contracts for labor. By and by the best hands will be engaged, and time may be lost in looking for others, or second-rate ones have to be taken. It is well, as far as possible, to keep the good hands year after year. Oats may be sown in this month, the red rust-proof being preferable. To secure against a sudden frost the seed should be covered three inches deep and and roolled. Fences should also be thoroughly repaired, and every 'hog-hole' closed solidly.

PASTURES, MEADOWS AND LAWNS.

A Southern Indiana correspondent writes, "Orchard grass, Kentucky blue grass and white clover, and if the ground is low or moist, add red top, and you have the finest and most productive pasture known among extensive stock growers, as it requires no re-seeding, but improves in quantity and quality, carrying more stock each succeeding year—invaluable for woods and pastures, and should be extensively sown in the burnt forests. Leaving out the orchard grass (as it is too rank and rapid a grower), you can have the best mixture that can be formed for lawns, yards, etc. Orchard grass alone makes the most profitable meadow, as it is immensely productive, makes excellent hay, and twice as much of it as timothy, for a term of years. With us timothy and clover cut only about two good crops, and frequently but one. The farmers need reliable meadows. To sow corn, millet, Hungarian grass or some other substitute every year or two, to make up for his lost clover or timothy crop, is very discouraging, it being expensive as well as annoying. Orchard grass is the remedy, and is destined at no distant day to stand at the head of all grasses for pasture or hay.—Ex.

CATCH CROPS.

The experience of every successive year shows that those crops known as "catch crops" may often be the most valuable. When a field is idle and not producing anything, then the farmer's money is not drawing interest. When the rye or oat stubble lies idle from August until May, half a year's is lost on the value of that field. It might have been sown to turnips and if three roots weighing but four pounds each were raised on every square yard, there would be nearly thirty tons, or 900 bushels or roots—without counting the tops—to every acre. Or a peck of rape might be sown in August on an oat stubble, and enough feed raised in two months to feed ten or more sheep, or two cows, per acre, until after snow fall. There would be a mass of roots and refuse left on the ground that would pay all the cost of the crop, leaving a handsome profit. It is in this way that a farm may be made to carry more stock, to produce more manure, and consequently increasing crops every year. The soil ought to be kept always producing, and if the term "catch crops" leads a farmer to suppose that such crops are of no value, he makes a very great mistake.—American Agriculturist.

The Mechanics' Savings Bank of Boston has reduced the rate of interest to five per cent, to take effect after January 1st This action has been already taken by nearly all the saving banks of Boston.

BALTIMORE

EYE and EAR INSTITUTE,

No. 55 Franklin St. Baltimore. Md.

JULIAN J CHISOLM, M.D, Professor of Eye and Ear Disease in the University of Maryland, SURGEON IN CHARGE.

The Institution is thoroughly organized and fitted up with every convenience, for the treatment of Eye and Ear Disease.

☞ For further information apply to above.

MARYLAND

Eye and Ear Institute.

66 N. Charles St., Baltimore, Md.

GEORGE REULING, M. D., Late Prof. of Eye & Ear Surgery in the Washington University. SURGEON IN CHARGE.

The large handsome residence of the late Chas. Carroll has been fitted up with all the improvements adopted in the latest Schools of Europe, for the special treatment of this class of diseases. Apply by letter to GEORGE REULING, M. D. Surgeon in Charge.

PATENTS

Obtained, Best and Cheapest, by

Louis Bagger, & Co.,

Solicitors of Patents,

Offices, Federal Buildings,

WASHINGTON, D C.

☞ Send stamp for printed pamphlet, containing complete instructions how to obtain Patents. july 21.

Georgia and Florida. Parties wanting information about Georgia or Florida, should subscribe for the MORNING NEWS,

Published at Savannah, Ga. Daily, $10; Weekly $2 per annum. Advertisers desiring customers in these States, should use its columns. It is the BEST paper in the Southeast. Specimen copies sent on receipt of 5 cents. Address S. H. ESTILL, Savannah, Ga.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 PER WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT Free. Address P. O VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. GEO STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

MIND READING, Psychomancy, Fascination, Soul Charming, Mesmerism and Marriage Guide, showing how either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affection of any person they choose instantly, 400 pages. By mail 50 cts Hunt & Co., 139 S 7th St: Phila.

AGENTS, the greatest chance of the age. Address with stamp. National Copying Co. Atlanta, Ga.

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Religious and Agricultural

WEEKLIES,

HALF-PRICE.

Send for our Catalogue

ON THE LIST PLAN.

For information, address

GEO. P. ROWELL, & CO.

41 PARK ROW, New York.

ADNERTISING IN

Canadian Newspapers

$1 FOR 25 CENTS,

Send for our Catalogue

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For information, address

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,

41 PARK ROW,

New York.

FARM AND FREIGHT WAGONS.

H. M. SMITH & CO.

1532 Main St. Richmond, Va.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

WE have recently added to our large Stock of implements a full assortment of the best Farm and Road Wagons made in this country, which we can recommend to every one in want. They are STRONG. LIGHT-RUNNING AND DURABLE, and what is of equal interest to purchasers, are a marvel of cheapness.

We warrant them for twelve months. Farmers and merchants who have to wagon their produce and goods will save 25 per cent. of their hauling expenses by buying these wagons. We guarantee entire satisfaction to every purchaser. We issue for free circulation a small wagon catalogue, with full description and prices.

STOCK FARMERS

are invited to send for circulars of Food-Steamers, Fodder-Cutters and Light Horse Powers; also, Corn and Cob Crushers and Root-Cutters.

Our old customers are assured that the burning of our Factory last year has not in the slightest degree lessened our ability to fill their orders for goods in our line. On the contrary, we have now a larger factory, more and better machinery to manufacture with, and a larger and better stock of material and manufactured goods than we ever had. ADDRESS AS ABOVE. Dec. 15tf.

LAW & CO.,

EXCLUSIVE

CROCKERY

MERCHANTS,

51 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

MERCHANTS, Hotels and Families can buy

Crockery and Glassware

at the NEW House at prices much lower than in mixed stores. Nov. 17 3m.

J. C. BREWSTER, Prop'r.

OF THE

RALEIGH STOVE HOUSE,

IS now ready to supply you with all kinds of STOVES both COOKING and HEATING including the Famous

Cotton King.

Call before purchasing elsewhere. He is the man to repair your Guns, Locks, Sewing Machines, &c. &c.

Bell hanging a speciality.

Roofing and Tin Work of all kinds promptly attended to. J. C. BREWSTER.

Nov 17 3m. No. 4 Hargett St. Raleigh.



J. C. S. LUMSDEN,

CITY STOVE STORE,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

Opposite the Market,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Largest, Heaviest, Best and the Cheapest

COOKING STOVES!

ALSO—Parlor, Office, Dining Room and other Heating Stoves in great variety.

Tin, Sheet-Iron and Coffee Ware.

Rofing and Guttering a Specialty.

Nov. 17 3m. J. C. S. LUMSDEN.

ROCK SPRING SCHOOL.

(8 miles south west of Hillsboro.)

H. M. CATES. A. B. Principal.

TUITION in Latin and Greek Languages, &c. Preparatory to University and State Colleges of N. C. $25 00.

Do. in Higher English. 15 00

Per session of 20 weeks, Board 2.50 per week, Spring Term opens 3rd January, '76.

Full particulars on application to the Principal at Rock Spring, Orange Co. N. C.

Dec. 8. 3m.pd.

North-Carolina, } *Superior Court,*
ORANGE COUNTY. } 20th Nov. '75.

Andrew J. Borland.

against

William G. Borland, James L. Borland, Lafayette Borland, John P. Borland, Mary Strayhorn, William Strayhorn, Baker Strayhorn, John Strayhorn and Laura Strayhorn.

Petition to sell real estate for Partition.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that William G. Borland and John Strayhorn two of the defendants in this suit are non-resident of this State; It is therefore, on motion of C. E Parish Counsel for the plaintiff, ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Hillsboro Recorder a paper published in the town of Hillsboro, County of Orange, for six successive weeks notifying the said William G. Borland and John Strayhorn to appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court for said county of Orange at his Office in Hillsboro, on Saturday the 15th of January 1876, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the said petition filed in the cause otherwise the same will be taken to be certified and heard ex parte as to them.

Witness George Laws, Clerk of said Court at Office in Hillsboro, the 20th Nov. 1875.

GEO. LAWS, Clerk,

Nov. 27 6t. Superior Court.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.,

Manufacturers of

PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR

SAW MILLS,



Grist Mills, Leffel's Turbine Water Wheels, Wood Working Machinery of all kinds, an. Machinists' Sundries.

SEND FOR CATALOGUES.



BLATCHLEY'S

Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged STANDARD of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never cracks, scales, or rusts and will last a life time. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you, will be promptly furnished by addressing with stamp.

CHAS. G. BLACHLEY, Manufacturer,

506 Commerce St, Philadelphia, Pa.

ob 17.

THE PEE DEE HERALD.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY,

—AT—

WADESBORO' N. C.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

Bright, cheerful, progressive, always up to the advancing thoughts of the times, the Herald takes rank with the leading journals of the day. It is on the side of Christianity.

The Herald is devoted to the family circle. It contains original and selected stories wit, humor, &c; every family in the land should subscribe for it Its low price (only one dollar) places it within the reach of the poorest in the land. We pay all postage.

Read what the Press think of us.

The Herald is a First Class Family Paper. Having some of the ablest writers in North Carolina attached to its staff. There is enough humorous read ng in it to make one laugh for a week—enough to keep you jolly till the next comes.—*Rockmart (Ga) News.*

We refer to the publisher of this paper Subscribe at once. address.

HERALD, Wadesboro,' N. C;

1846. THIRTIETH YEAR. 1876.

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Condensed Time Table. In effect on and after Sunday, Nov. 15th, 1875.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.
Leave Charlotte......	[illegible]
" Air Line Junc'n	[illegible]
" Salisbury	[illegible]
" Greensboro.....	[illegible]
" Danville, ...	1.24 p. m.
" Dundee, ...	[illegible]
" Burkeville, ...	[illegible]
Ar. at Richmond, ...	[illegible]

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.
Leave Richmond,	[illegible]
" Burkville	[illegible]
" Dundee,	[illegible]
" Danville	[illegible]
" Greensboro,	[illegible]
" Salisbury,	[illegible]
" Air-Line Jc'n	[illegible]
Ar. at Charlotte.	[illegible]

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	MAIL.
Leave Greensboro'	11.00 a. m.	Arr. 6 10 pm
" Co. Shops	[illegible]	[illegible]
Arr. at Raleigh	[illegible]	Arr. 11.00 "
Arr. at Goldsboro'	[illegible]	L've 8.20 am

STATIONS.	Accommodation Train.	
Leave Greensboro.	7.00 p. m.	Arr. [illegible] a. m.
Arr. at Raleigh.	[illegible] a. m.	Ar. 7.20 p. m.
" at Goldsboro	11.15 "	Lv's [illegible]

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.

SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Greensboro	4.45 p. m.
Arrive at Salem	[illegible]
Leave Salem.	8.15 a. m.
Arrive at Greensboro.	10.25 "

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